

預備軍官預備士官英文考試

考試範圍：全部 (包含些許軍事用字)

考試內容通常包含三大類：字彙(vocabulary), 文法(grammar), 短文閱讀(reading comprehension), 答題方式為 A,B,C,D 四選一單選選擇題，總共 40 題，總分 100 分。

Part I 字彙 (vocabulary)

1.1 單字意思 (word meaning)

ex 01. The problem with some of these drugs is that they are so accessible.

A. economical B. natural C. commercial D. available → D. available

ex 02. These textbooks are divided into different _____ according to subjects.

A. categories B. catalogues C. issues D. brochures → A. categories.

ex 03. It is hard to imagine the scale of damage following a nuclear attack.

A. side effect B. tranquility C. magnitude D. influence → C. magnitude

1.2 片語意思 (phrasal meaning)

ex 01. A laser beam can be transmitted over long distances _____.

A. not lost power B. without lost of power C. with no loss of power D. not loss of power

→ C. with no loss of power (PS. with/without +名詞(Noun) 或 Ving)

ex 02. The function of the encyclopedia editor is ___ with information, accurately or objectively, so that it can be readily understood.

A. provides the reader B. to provide the reader C. it provides the reader D. providing for the reader

(小心!我們要的是 the best answer 而不只是 the correct answer !)

Part II 文法 (grammar) → 選出錯誤 或是 更正錯誤

2.1 單字用法 (use of words):

2.1.1 Verbs:

a. 時態 (aspect & tense):

	過去	現在	未來
簡單式	cooked	cook	Vbe going to/will cook
進行式	was/were cooking	Vbe cooking	will be cooking
完成式	had cooked	have cooked	will have cooked
完成進行式	had been cooking	have been cooking	will have been cooking

b. 一致性 (agreement):主詞&動詞; 時間副詞&動詞

2.2.2 Nouns: (可數 vs. 不可數)

2.2.3 Adjectives: (比較級與最高級的用法)

2.3.4 Prepositions: (介系詞的運用)

2.2 片語用法 (use of phrases)

詞類 (parts of speech):名詞(nouns); 形容詞(adjectives); 副詞(adverbs): 時間、地方、程度、目的、目的地; 動詞(verbs).

ex 01. Before we went to the party last nigh, I ___ my purse.

A. lost B. have lost C. Had lost D lose. → A 因為在 last night 發生的, 所以使用過去式)

ex 02. Compact discs, which appeared on the market in the early 1980's, produce sound of best quality
A B C
than that of standard phonograph records. → C → 兩者相較需用比較級而非最高級, so 需改爲
D
better quality than

Part III 短文閱讀 (reading comprehension)

3.1 全文大意 (the overall meaning of the article)

3.2 主旨句 (topic sentence)

3.3 各段大意 (purpose of each paragraph)

Many experts say that **pink has a special charm**. California probation department that used to have trouble quieting violent juvenile offenders now puts them in bubble-gum-pink cells. Within a few minutes the offenders stop screaming and banging and often even fall asleep. Also, in a college experiment, a group of children were put graffiti – except one that was painted pink.

ex. 01. The main idea of this passage is that:
A. Many experts prefer pink to other colors.
B. Pink is most children's favorite color.
C. Pink has a special calming charm.
D. Juvenile offenders should be put in pink cells.
(Answer: C)

ex 02. Which of the following statement is true?
A. Juvenile offenders in a California probation department could get violent sometimes.
B. Pink bubble-gum can help comfort hot-tempered offenders.
C. The job of a probation department is to trouble quiet juvenile offenders.
D. A probation department must hire experts in interior design.
(Answer: A)

ex 03. The word "cells" here means small room in
A. a factory B. a hospital C. a rest home D. a prison.
(Answer: D)